A closer look at the *pp*-chain reaction in the Sun: Constraining the coupling of light mediators to protons

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Why our sun is an interesting place to look at?



The Sun

- Closest star
- Well studied and well measured
- Better measurements will come
- *pp*-chain primary channel (99.7%)

Pictures: Kurzgesagt, Wikipedia



Non-standard mediators coupling to protons

vector boson (Z') scalar (ϕ) SM $\mathcal{L}^{\phi} = g\phi \bar{\mathrm{p}}\mathrm{p}$ $\mathcal{L}^{Z'} = g Z'_{\mu} \bar{\mathbf{p}} \gamma^{\mu} \mathbf{p}$ -- NSI $m_{Z'0}$ --- NSI m_{Z'1} Interaction potential E_1 $V(r) = \frac{e^2}{r} \pm \frac{g^2}{r} \exp[-m_{\{Z',\phi\}}r]$ $E_0 < E_1$ and $m_{Z'0} < m_{Z'1}$ **Coulomb barrier penetration factor** R $P_{0,\text{SM}} \approx \frac{E_c}{F} \exp\left[-\frac{2\pi e^2}{\hbar m}\right] \approx \frac{E_c}{F} \exp\left[-W_{0,\text{SM}}\right]$ pp interaction rate $\Delta \approx \frac{\left| W_{0,\text{NSI}}^{\frac{2}{3}} - W_{0,\text{SM}}^{\frac{2}{3}} \right|}{W_{0,\text{SM}}^{\frac{2}{3}}}$ $\Gamma_{pp} \propto \exp\left(-3.381(1\pm\Delta) \left(\frac{T}{10^9 \text{ K}}\right)^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)$

D. D. Clayton, Principles of stellar evolution and nucleosynthesis (1968)

Temporal evolution of the solar core's temperature



- Modules for Experiments in Stellar Astrophysics MESA
- Evolution until the current solar age
- Changes in the barrier and metallicity affect the outcome

Changes in the solar parameters

Sun's core temperature



• vector boson mediator temperature increase

.64 .63

.56

55

.54 .53 .52

59 [0 58 三

• scalar mediator temperature decrease



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J. N. Bahcall, A. Ulmer (1996) 4/9

Wikipedia

Changes in the solar parameters



R_{CNO/pp} – the same trends degeneracy between initial metallicity and NSI

CNO cycle

- sub-percent contribiution to the solar energy generation
- neutrinos recently observed by the Borexino collaboration (2020)



Sensitivity bounds on the non-standard mediators



- low mediator mass \rightarrow limits insensitive to the mediator mass
- higher proton energies \rightarrow the excluded region grows
- conservative bounds \rightarrow there is a room for an improvement

Bottelnecks:

- pp-chain: $p + p \rightarrow D + \nu_e + e^+$ easy to calculate, not measured
- CNO cycle: $p + {}^{14}N \rightarrow {}^{15}O + \gamma$ not calculated exactly yet, possible to measure

Question marks in the extrapolated cross section

- measurements at higher energies than in the solar interior
- extrapolation procedures
- plagued by high uncertainty 20-25%

Changes in the solar parameters

Sun's core temperature



• vector boson mediator temperature increase

• scalar mediator

CNO to *pp* ratio, R_{CNO/pp}

temperature decrease

- R_{CNO/pp} flipped trends
- more roobost changes in CNO bottelneck reaction



Conclusions

Conclusions

Non-standard mediators

- affect the Coulomb potential felt by the charge particles
- change the temperature of the core of the Sun
- can be constrained with the solar neutrino fluxes
- can affect nuclear reactions in less/more massive objects

The perspective sensitivity bounds for protons

- most constraining for mediators with masses above 50 keV
- will improve with better measurements of the metallicity and CNO neutrinos

Our work calls for an improved measurements of the solar reactions involvig Coulomb barriers

Thank you!